

The Vulcan Advocate

"Serves the Heart of Southern Alberta's Wheat Belt"

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VULCAN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1942

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News Gleanings FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS Of The District

ENSIGN

The Bridge Club met at the home of Mrs. P. L. Bourque on Wednesday evening. A very enjoyable evening was spent, after which a dainty lunch was served by the hostess. First prize went to Mrs. W. Brown and Mr. P. L. Bourque, and consolation prizes to Mrs. Elmer Hanson and Mr. Ed Carr.

The local Red Cross received a letter from Fred Markert, Ordinance Corps overseas, thanking them for the parcel sent at Christmas.

Mr. Leonard Smith was an Ensign visitor on Saturday, prior to his enlistment.

Mrs. Harris Matlock is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ford Fisher.

Mrs. Geo. Eamor was a Calgary visitor on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. McIntyre were recent visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Buchanan of Brant, Alta.

Friends of Mrs. Isabel Churchill will be glad to hear that she is recovering as well as can be expected at the Vulcan Municipal Hospital.

Brant News

Mrs. T. Johns is a visitor in Calgary for a few days at the home of her daughter, Mrs. G. Fox.

Miss Muriel Green of Calgary is spending a few days with relatives in Brant.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. McKay were Arrowwood visitors on Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. N. McColman.

The Brant community lost a very popular young couple last week in the departure of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Fulton. Mr. Fulton is awaiting a call to the Air Force. His position as principal of the school is being filled by Miss S. Hungerbühler.

Miss Frances Johns of High River was a Brant visitor at the home of her parents on Sunday.

EASTWAY

Mr. and Mrs. D. Lewis were visitors to High River and Cayley on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Oldfield were recent visitors to Calgary.

William Cockwell left on Wednesday for training in Camrose, Alta.

Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Marshall are Calgary visitors this week.

Miss Bertie Cockwell, who is taking a business course in Calgary, spent the week-end at her home.

An event of local interest took place on the evening of January 13th, when a number of young people gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. Oldfield, the occasion being to wish Godspeed to William Cockwell and Gordon Sinclair, who are leaving shortly to take military training. An enjoyable evening was spent with a variety of games being played convened by Mrs. Douglas, assisted by Miss Harris and Archie Oldfield. All enjoyed a sing-song accompanied by Mrs. Richardson. Refreshments were served by the hostess assisted by the ladies of the district. The guests of honor were each presented with a purse conveying the good wishes of all present.

C.P.R. Getting Air Control

They Now Have Connection
With White Horse, Aklavik,
Coppermine and Key Points
in Mining Districts

The Canadian Pacific is getting into the air business in a big way—almost entirely in the northwestern Canada. A somewhat lengthy process of acquisition has now reached the stage where the C.P.R. controls all but one Canadian air transport company west of the Maritimes and north of the main Trans-Canada line. The C.P.R. slogan about spanning continents and oceans with railroads and ships is added to now with its planes in the skies. These air lines are naturally meant to contribute to C.P.R. passenger and freight business. They all link the big system up with important areas most of them rich in mineral wealth. Through them the C.P.R. now enjoys connection with White Horse, Aklavik, Coppermine, Goldfields, God's Lake; the latter three key points in mining districts.

TO COLLECT SALVAGE LAST SATURDAY OF EACH MONTH

There will be a thorough collection of salvage in the Town of Vulcan on Saturday, January 31st, and owing to the fact that several homes were missed during our December collection, the committee have decided to ask the man of each household to deliver the salvage to the nearest street corner or to the end of the alley. This should be done on Saturday morning and not later than 1 p.m. on the last Saturday of each month.

The response for our December collection was very good and although many people tied their bundles according to instructions, there were quite a number who failed to do so, with the result that we have a terrible mess at Roy Walker's warehouse that will require a lot of time and work to clear up.

I would like to make it clear to everyone that not one member of your committee receives anything for his or her services. It is a war effort on our part and we seek the co-operation of every man, woman and child in our town and district.

The committee was appointed to warehouse space, also space for heavy scrap at the loading platform, and to look after the shipping of all materials, etc. They were not appointed to actually go and gather the salvage, that is your duty—the duty of every person in Canada (don't wait until the Japs or Germans are looking over your front gate—that will be too late). There are hundreds of tons of scrap on the farms absolutely useless where it is. Bring it in and throw it on the pile at the loading platform. Our Government is calling for steel, cast or any kind of scrap you have. Old car fenders or metal car bodies; car frames, old binders, brass, copper, aluminum, anything that contains metal; bones, bottles, rags, paper and grease. Material should be sorted. The newspapers in strong bundles, tie magazines in another. Wool rags and cotton rags should be kept separate. Bones should be thrown in a pile at the loading platform. Brass, copper, aluminum, paper, etc., are stored in Roy Walker's warehouse. Bring yours in now and watch the pile grow.

May I express my sincere appreciation to the Vulcan Advocate for the help they are giving in advertising this campaign.

H. M. Patriquin,
Chairman of the Committee

Wage and Price Control Instructions

These Instructions Define
What Are National Industries
falling Within Scope of
N.W.L. Board at Ottawa

The National War Labour Board has issued instructions to Canadian employers and employees in regard to the Wartime Wage and Cost of Living Bonus Order (P.C. 8253).

As detailed in the advertisement appearing elsewhere in this issue, these instructions define what are national industries falling within the scope of the National War Labour Board at Ottawa, and those that come within the jurisdiction of provincial, or Regional Boards.

Since wage control, together with price control, have become integral parts of Canada's wartime design for living, the National War Labour Board has considered it necessary to demarcate, for the purposes of the administration of the Order, the respective jurisdictions of the National and Regional Boards.

In general, National employers are designated as those whose operations—such as transportation and public utilities, etc.—are inter-provincial in character, or those whose industrial activities—particularly mining and shipbuilding—are closely related to the national war effort as a whole.

Regional employers are considered those in which the operations of the industry or business is definitely within a provincial or municipal boundaries. In this category fall most war production plants, all sections of retail and wholesale trade, and services, etc.

Employers and employees in the national field should address their communications to the Secretary, the National War Labour Board, Ottawa. While those in the Regional category should address themselves to the Regional War Labour Board in care of their respective provincial governments.

Interpretative rulings on the Order have been issued in bulletin form, and these may be obtained on application to any Regional War Labour Board.



"OTHER RANKS" GET SMART NEW UNIFORM

For Release 14-1-1942

Here is a sample of the "walking out dress" shortly to be issued to all Canadian soldiers to wear "off parade". To soldiers in the Army of a democracy off parade hours are essentially social occasions when the camp or barracks is forgotten and the amenities of civil life, voluntarily given up for the duration, again become important.

Tea with a young Canadian's "best girl" calls for his "best suit" and this is what is posed above. The uniform, made of sturdy khaki serge, is quite like that worn by commissioned officers—just as commissioned officers in training wear the same uniform as their men. Composed of belted jacket worn with—this and brown tie, and socks with which low shoes and black socks are worn, the "walking out dress" will be issued to all Canadians in the ranks within the next few weeks.

(Canadian Army Photo)

Brief Items of Local Interest

Friends of Harris W. Matlock, a graduate of the Aero Engine Mechanics class at the Grandstand Building, Victoria Park, Calgary, Alta., will be pleased to learn that he obtained the highest marks of his class of 45. The class is now stationed at the No. 4 Manning Depot, Edmonton.

Mayor and Mrs. W. D. Allan and daughter Margaret were Calgary visitors on Saturday.

It is announced that the committee for the new Victory Loan will be Mayor W. D. Allan, W. B. Jamison and J. T. Willard. Offices will be set up in half the building now operated by the Vulcan Shooting Gallery.

Miss Lenora McLaggan of Calgary was a weekend visitor at the home of her mother, Mrs. A. McLaggan.

Mrs. W. E. Woodward of Claresholm, Alta., was a visitor last week with her daughters, Miss Margaret Woodward and Mrs. Cora McIntyre.

A joint meeting of the U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. Mensinger on Saturday, January 17th. Miss Baden was elected to attend the U.F.A. convention to be held in Edmonton this week.

After the general business was discussed, Mr. R. M. Patriquin gave a very interesting talk regarding the Salvage Campaign. Mr. Donald Smith offered his truck to haul salvage of the district to Vulcan.

At the close of the meeting a delicious hot lunch was served. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Oldfield on Wednesday, February 4th.

The Vulcan Advocate requests all their readers to phone Vulcan 36, or bring us in a note stating any relations or visitors you may have visiting you or friends. By complying with this request no one will be overlooked and all items of social interest will be carried in our column.

ENGAGEMENT ANNOUNCED

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Naylor, of Pincher Creek, announce the engagement of their elder daughter, Dorothy Vivian, to Norman Ripley John Frankish of Pincher Creek. The marriage will take place in St. John's Anglican Church, Pincher Creek, February 1st.

OBITUARY

MRS. A. O. ULRICH PASSES TO REST

Alice Olive Ulrich, age 55 years, beloved wife of Wm. Ulrich of Champion, passed away in the Carmangay Hospital on January 7th, following a short illness.

Mrs. Ulrich was born at Milan, Minn., and moved with her parents to Balfour, N.D., while a young girl. She married Wm. Ulrich in 1905 and in 1906 moved to Canada, settling in the Champion district. She was a faithful worker in all church activities and was a member of the Women's Institute.

Surviving her are her husband; a daughter, Mrs. John Dillingham of El Carrito, California; a son, Arthur of Champion. She was predeceased by her daughter, Florence, in 1937. Also surviving are one sister, Mrs. Carrie Ulrich of Los Angeles, Cal., and one brother, Hans Rue, Alhambra, Cal.

Services will be held in the Champion Community Hall on Wednesday at 2 o'clock, Rev. Peter Dawson officiating. Interment will be in the Champion cemetery with Snodgrass Funeral Home in charge.

Raise Production To Parallel U.S.A.

New Shipyards: Keels for
Destroyers; Exchange of Re-
quired Products With U.S.A.

Following the conference with Lord Beaverbrook, British Minister of Supply, at Washington, United States and Canada are co-ordinating further steps in stepping up production. Hon. C.D. Howe announces that Canadian war equipment is now being used in every battlefield of the world—in Philippines, Singapore, China and the Middle East as well as European fronts.

Main increase in production from now on will be in guns, tanks and planes. In 1942 the plan is for 100 vessels of cargo shipping, and a new government-owned shipyard will be built at Montreal.

Keels are being laid at a Canadian port for destroyers and turbines have been in production for some time.

Canada is farther ahead than U.S. in full production but can expand still further. Steel production is being maintained so that requirements of both countries will be met. No Canadian customs duties are paid on materials shipped here from U.S.A. to be placed in equipment being made for United States. But the tariff still applies on materials imported from U.S.A. for use on war contracts.

Pig iron production is being speeded up to offset shortage of scrap iron. There is scrap iron on the prairies but it is expected that it will eventually be needed in the war.

Nickel, zinc and copper are being produced in great quantity for U.S. war industries.

The 1942 estimates call for 1500 tanks and 9000 universal carriers and this may be exceeded.

Canada has shipped \$600,000,000 worth of goods to Britain in 1941, showing that the Battle of the Atlantic is being lost by Hitler.

Mickey Rooney, aged 21, has married a 19-year-old North Carolina girl, Ava Gardner.

A STORY WITH A MORAL

A young couple out east of here set up farm housekeeping with very small assets, and were hard-driven to make their way. The husband during the winter made a few dollars hauling coal. One night he got home from a trip all aglow with thought of a good bargain. He said to his wife: "I've got a grand surprise for you." She was curious and he said "Look, I have bought three coyote hounds." "Coyote hounds!" she exclaimed. "Why we can't get enough food to feed ourselves." And she lamented loudly.

However as time passed, she began to get quite fond of the coyote hounds. He named them and named them. Lawyer, Doctor and Farmer.

One day when her husband was away hauling coal, she thought she would ride out and see what the coyote hounds could do in hunting.

When her husband got home she said: "I've got a surprise for you this time. The hounds got a coyote today." He was quite pleased, and promised to skin the coyote after supper and that would bring in a little money. "Discussing the kill he asked 'Which hound caught the coyote?' "Oh" she said, "Lawyer caught it." "And which dog killed it?" "Oh, Doctor killed it of course." "Well what was Farmer doing, all this time." "Oh, Farmer!" she replied, "Farmer just sat on his rump and howled."

Standardize Terms Of Machine Sales

Regulations Affect Farm
Equipment and Require Set
Terms in Making Payment

Farm equipment, machines and parts are the latest to come under wartime regulations. The order applies from Nov. 1, 1941 to Oct. 31, 1942.

Production of farm machinery and equipment is restricted in Canada as it is in United States, the regulations co-ordinating.

No producer or importer shall manufacture or import a quantity of farm equipment in excess of a designated percentage of his 1940 sales. Implement manufacturers are required to plan production schedules with an eye to national need for a proper assortment of farm equipment, and farm organizations are asked to urge farmers to make essential repairs as early as possible. Manufacturers are required to use conservation measures in substitution, redesigning, etc.

Certain types or size of equipment, attachments, etc., may be eliminated or diminished, especially short-run products.

Not less than 40% of the selling price of farm equipment must be paid for in cash on delivery, and the balance in instalments not extending over 24 months. Trade-ins are not considered in lieu of cash. The amount allowed on trade-ins is to be deducted from the total selling price, and 40% of the balance in cash, with the rest in instalments.

Repairs and spare parts are to be supplied by companies to dealers on a sold outright basis, payment to be in cash not later than the 10th of the month following the sale.

Excluded are handtools, fencing, poultry netting, gates and wire fencing, well casings, nails and sundry such articles.

Must Have License For Ration Books

Gas rationing starts April 1, and it will be impossible after that to obtain gas without ration books. These can only be obtained by presenting the owner's license. Car licenses expire March 31, and the government advises car owners to apply for licenses early in order that there may be no delay in obtaining gas after April 1. It is understood that licenses will be available some weeks earlier than they were last year, to facilitate the smooth movement to rationing basis.

Carole Lombard and 21 other passengers, including 15 army fliers, were instantly killed when the plane in which they were flying crashed near Las Vegas. Lombard had been in Indianapolis, assisting in sale of defence bonds. She was the wife of Clark Gable.

Orderly Payment Now Ultra Vires

Act of Last Session to Pro-
vide Against Action While
Debt Adjustment Act Was
Being Studied. Court Dis-
allows

The Orderly Payment of Land Debts Act, assented at the 1941 session, has declared ultra vires by the Alberta Supreme Court. It was contended that the Act conflicted with the Federal Farmer-Creditor Arrangement Act.

This Orderly Payment of Land Debt Act was passed in 1941 to provide for any development while the legality of the Debt Adjustment Act was in question. It gave debtors under mortgages of land and agreements for sale of land, a fixed period to make payments to creditors and provided that so long as payment was made according to such plan no action could be brought to enforce the terms of the mortgage or agreement for sale.

The test of the Act's validity rose in a Supreme Court action requiring specific performance of agreement for sale. Mr. Justice O'Connor in giving judgment that the act was ultra vires claimed that it is repugnant to the Dominion statutes relating to obligations in the nature of debts and liquidated demands. He considered that in legislating for insolvent debtors, the province has no right to infringe such Dominion legislation as the Farmers-Creditors Arrangement Act and Interest Act.

War with Japan has further cut Pacific imports of coconut oil and palm oil, which are important in soap making, so some of the favorite soaps may change slightly. For household use, the yellow soap containing resin is said to have great cleansing power.

Alberta population has increased from 731,605 in 1931 to 788,398 in 1941. Macleod federal constituency has decreased. It has now 42,717 people and in 1931 it had 44,325.

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An Independent Weekly Newspaper issued every Thursday afternoon at the office of publication, Vulcan, Alberta. Subscription price per year: In Canada \$2.00, United States and other countries \$2.50. Advertising rates furnished on request.

CHARLES CLARK Owner-Publisher
J. L. FINDLAY Editor

Paying Cash

NEW regulations restricting credit are received with approval by the majority of people. The government has imposed rulings that neither individuals nor merchants have the strength to impose, in spite of the general conviction that all parties would be better off if there was more limited credit. Most people live just one month behind—or perhaps farther. They pay this month for everything consumed last month, and if earnings suddenly stopped they are in a spot.

Now the government requires that all charge accounts be cleaned up by the tenth of the following month, unless it is some large scale purchase on budget plan, for which regular monthly payments are stipulated. For quite a number of people, this may bring temporary hardship, and a readjustment of monthly earnings to take care of all charge accounts early in the month. But in the long run it will be a good thing for the purchaser, and a great saving in bookkeeping to the merchant. If the bills are not paid, the merchant is within the law in refusing further credit. It is understood, however, that this is not an inflexible ruling, and leniency is extended to those accustomed to paying on the basis of crop returns, or under similar periodic arrangement.

An all cash basis would be still better business for those who have a regular salary and know exactly what their income is. It is wonderful how many things you can do without, if you have to pay cash. What the merchant might lose in volume of business, he might make up in quick returns, and might even be able to sell more cheaply, if bookkeeping expenses were reduced.

At any rate the move toward restricted credit will be generally beneficial in the long run.

Tall Stories

THERE is a "Liars Club" over in the United States which gives a prize each year to the best tall story submitted. This year's prize went to a very pitiful attempt at humor, all about hair tonic spilled in the river, and the fish growing whiskers. It showed a serious decline in imagination, probability and the artistry which makes a tall story a success.

W. M. Davidson, writing in the Albertan, was much disappointed in this story and most of the extravagances that have been passing for humor along the Paul Bunyan line in recent years.

He says: "The real home of the tall story is out on the frontier, away from sophistication. I am convinced that more stories of this kind were circulated in the early days in Alberta than anywhere else on the continent." Mr. Davidson recalls a few of these stories, relating to chinooks, grasshoppers, cold snaps, and the never to be forgotten story of Fred Stimson of the Bar U and his visit to Windsor Castle, and Queen Victoria.

Many will agree that the tall story is typical of frontier country, and perhaps particularly typical of a frontier country in which nature itself is immense and the air stimulating. We would like to match some of the stories that have come out of our own foothills with anything that any Liars' Club can produce. When we lose that spacious style of humor, we lose something of our individuality.

Bill Holmes' story of the year of the Big Wind which blew for forty days and forty nights, would be a good competitor. The story of the antics of Harry Streeter's Blue Billygoat produces some breathtaking episodes. Neil Riley's scheme to work up a Blue Label Bear industry is enough to scare the beef men. Jack Drumheller's Irish sheepherder had some incredible adventures to rival any Munchausen.

The dry years always produce a crop of yarns to make up for the failure of other crops. It may be recalled that old timers swear there never were any Chinese in this country until the earth began cracking wide open; then they began showing up one or two at a time. Obviously they had come up through the earth. And the horses developed such a jack rabbit gait leaping over the cracks, that it took generations to get them travelling like horses again. There are endless variations of harrowing drought experiences.

Wind, frost, flood, hail, heat, drought—all the manifestations of nature, and the tricks of animals play their part in these extravagant tales. They have the charm of good humor and expansiveness, and no one can be hurt by them.

And we were almost forgetting Frank Brazil's classic description of his old pal of the Yukon days who could "swim farther, dive deeper and come up dryer" than any man in Alaska.

Candid Criticism

ORGANIZATION and re-enforcements in the Pacific are expected to turn the tide of war and halt Japan's plans for quick conquest. But there is no lack of criticism on the unpreparedness for which United States, Britain and allied defenders have paid, and may still pay, a heavy penalty. There has been considerable justice in Australia's reproaches. Reports on the "impregnability" of Malaya and Singapore, have been misleading and entirely too optimistic, and blame appears to be shared by military tacticians in the east, and by headquarters at London to which appeals for more re-enforcements were made in vain.

The British press, while withholding criticism of Prime Minister Churchill, does maintain that he has been let down by his advisers. Strong condemnation is levelled at Malayan authorities for neglecting to train an adequate Malayan defence force, on lines similar to those by which General MacArthur mobilized native

Pertinent Topics

DISCUSSED BY H. C.

Having got themselves in a jam, miners striking, not for better pay or hours or conditions in eight Kirkland Lake gold mines, but for recognition of a C.I.O. union, are striving to inveigle Premier King into helping them out. They first tried to use Mr. Churchill but their request was "referred." Now they want Mr. King to intervene but he very properly declined whereupon they accused him of being deaf to the cries of labor, but that accusation is one that cannot reasonably be preferred against him. In the meantime the nine operations having stopped work on low-grade ores are able to get on with reduced staffs. The strikers and men who invested their money in the mines are the losers.

Woodsworth wrote a couplet that might be usefully employed by the many organizations soliciting funds for patriotic and charitable purposes:

Give all thou canst; high Heaven rejects the lore
Of nicely calculated less or more.

Many editors have written of the pile of printed matter that comes to their desks from the Bureau of Information. One writes that he makes the office boy cart it out and burn it. This is shameful waste. Why not salvage it and send it to the mills where it can be restored into white paper and sold to the Bureau to be printed again and sent to the papers with fresh propaganda?

That there is a great change in public sentiment is shown by Hon. J. G. Gardiner's declaration in favor of manning the bastions of freedom wherever attacked. Two years ago he thought it better politics to advocate limited participation.

The fountain heads of German propaganda deny there is any dissatisfaction at home but their admission that they are frankly disclosing the facts to their own people shows there is something wrong. Nothing but a radical change in conditions can account for so radical a change in policy.

As a means of conserving fuel and power there is a proposal to have daylight saving in the U.S. During the other war we had a federal law of that sort but only for a year or so. It met with so much opposition it had to be made municipally optional. It was so useful as a conservation measure that the government at Ottawa made those places continue it during the winter, in other words it conscripted the volunteers but let the others off. It is a real inconvenience in the winter, but we think a sufficient saving could be made if all places had it in the summer by federal statute.

The Mahatma Gandhi has a queer idea of logic when he describes himself as being opposed to violence. To lie down before violence is not anti-violence. The All-India Congress from which he has broken has a more realistic view. What the Mahatma preaches is opposition to meeting aggression with violence, that is to say he would let the violence of Germany and Japan go unchecked because he is opposed to violence. If he had his way violence would prosper because he is opposed to its use.

The time has arrived for the isolationists who censured the administration at Washington for preparing for a war that could never come to censure it for neglect of adequate preparation. From the same sort of people the British government has been receiving the same sort of criticism for over two years. There is no limit to the impudence of men whom events have shown to be wrong.

Temporarily rejecting the advice of Rudyard Kipling, we are disposed to take a flyer on Adam-Zad, the bear that more than ever in its whole career looks like a man.

In a recent broadcast Col. Drew said that many soldiers sent to Hong Kong from Canada had not the training requisite in case of immediate attack. No one who reads this column regularly will be surprised if we express the opinion that they were sent there because the government held the opinion we mistakenly held that the Japs were bluffing. We have stated more than once that the disposition of Canadian troops abroad was decided at Ottawa with a view to avoiding casualties which call for replacements which in their turn call for shriller demands for conscription.

If what Col. Drew says is correct, and many military men made that statement before he, it may be accounted for by the fact that for overseas service we have to accept volunteers and it is possible that in this particular case partially trained men were accepted in the belief that there would be ample time to finish their training in the place

troops in the Philippines. The trend of a great section of the British press shows impatience of "Cheerio promises," and determination that the administration rid itself of those who foster complacency and incompetence. Australia is re-emphasizing its insistence on the setting up of an Imperial War cabinet and its desire to have a stronger hand in devising policies in the Far East. Certainly Australia has earned its place by sacrifice and valor, in any plans for defence and aggression on the Pacific.

In United States also, there is self condemnation for the apathy and negligence of the past two years. One criticism is "We have made all the mistakes for which we criticized Britain—all the mistakes of complacency which were so evident before Dunkirk. Will it always be a case of too little and too late? Where is the fleet, where are the planes and ships by which our brave little garrisons in the Pacific should be supported?"

Even China, revived and re-invigorated, with many notable victories to her credit since the New Year, appeals for stronger display of British-U.S. action. China is seizing upon Japan's pre-occupation elsewhere to drive out the enemy from invaded provinces, and in so doing is not only advancing selfish interests, but exhausting and harassing Japanese troops.

The Dutch East Indies, by reason of its valiant stand, has earned full recognition on any war council. "Tanks not talk" cries Wendell Willkie. This has developed as the "talkingest" war in world history. But at least the democratic countries have liberty of speech and writing, and the prevailing spirit of critical talk may speed action, as silence would never do.

and climate where the fighting might take place. If a mistake was made there is ever the chance that by adroit maneuvering from Ottawa some member of the government can be induced to accept the responsibility of having given approval.

When the Japs threaten to invade the U.S. they show no sense of gratitude to the isolationists who said it wasn't possible.

The bargain appears to be that if the Free French evacuated St. Pierre and Miquelon they will be allowed to join the 26 nations. Seeing that the Free French have to give up something they have recently acquired it would be more like a horse trade if Vichy should get back those islands on condition it joined the United Nations. But of course Vichy not being Free has no option.

Something worse than the return of St. Pierre and Miquelon to Vichy will have to happen before we can work up any disposition to censure Cordell Hull, because generally he has been far-sighted, courageous and anti-Nazi.

Let's see. Isn't this the year the Duce had set for the Universal Exhibition at Rome? It is there all right and he is it, a universal exhibition of inflated pomposity and unspeakable meanness.

We can't agree with those who find fault with Hitler for dismissing certain generals. They had a right to be dismissed because they had not carried out his order to take Moscow at all costs.

Church Notes

Church of Christ

The showing of motion pictures as stated in last week's issue of the Advocate to be shown on January 27th. These pictures were to have been shown on January 20th, but owing to unavoidable circumstances this date had to be changed to January 27th. The pictures are in connection with missionary work in Africa and India. These pictures are very interesting and you are cordially invited to attend. Do not forget the date—January 27th, 1942.

United Church

Sunday, January 25th. Services: Morning, 11 a.m.; evening service 7:30 p.m. The Rev. Sidney Tike of Munson, Alberta, will have charge of both services.

A congregational meeting will be held at the close of the evening service on February 1st. At this meeting it is expected that the future pastoral relations of the church will be decided. Sunday School 12:15.

Anglican Church

Sunday, January 25th, is the Festival of the Conversion of Saint Paul. Services in St. Aldhelm's Church will be: Holy Communion at 11 o'clock and Evensong at 7:30 p.m.; Church School at 12:15.

The annual meeting of Lomond Church will be at 3 p.m., with service at 3:30.

Church of Christ

Sunday, January 25th. 10:30 a.m. Bible School; 11:30 a.m. Lord's Supper and morning service; 7:30 p.m. evening service; 8:30, Young People's Christian Endeavor. Wednesday, January 28th, at 7 p.m., orchestra practice and choir practice; 8 p.m., Prayer Meeting.

Sheep Creek M.D. On DeWinton Road

Maintenance of Road to DeWinton Airport Question for Council

At a recent meeting of Sheep Creek council, a delegation from the DeWinton airport asked consideration of the road from the main highway to the airport.

Flt. Lieut. Raiss of No. 4 Training Command and Mr. Lowery, appeared before the council to request that this district undertake the maintenance of the road from the hard-surfaced highway to the DeWinton airport, and to also erect snow fences where necessary along said road. The councillor concerned agreed to do the normal amount of maintenance work on this road and to spend \$109 on the erection of snow fences.

Donations were made as follows: Wood's Christian Home \$25; Salvation Army \$100; Red Cross \$50; Institute for the Blind \$25.

It was carried that the annual meeting of the ratepayers of the M.D. of Sheep Creek, No. 190 be held in the Elks' hall, Okotoks, on the 3rd Saturday in February.

Carried that H. R. Outhet be appointed Returning Officer and E. A. Goettler, Deputy Returning Officer for Division 4 and the election if necessary to be held in the Stormont school and H. G. Norris be Deputy Returning Officer for Division No. 5 and the election if necessary to be held in Melrose school.

Carried—That the application of a resident for an old age pension be approved and that the sum recommended be \$20 per month.

ADVOCATE CLASSIFIEDS

Men of 30, 40, 50

PEP, VIM, VIGOR, Subnormal? Want normal pep, vim, vigor, vitality? Try Ostrex Tonic Tablets. Contains iron, stimulants, oxygen elements—helps to normal pep after 30, 40 or 50. Get a special introductory size for only 5¢. Try this aid to normal pep and vim today. For sale at all good drug stores.

FOUND

FOUND—Ring of keys. Owner may have them by identifying same at the Advocate office and paying for this ad. 15-1-

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Farm lands, three miles west and one-half mile north of Vulcan N.E. 2 and S.E. 11-17-25-W.4 This land joins with Mr. Frank Shaw on the east. Terms, half cash. Some reduction offered for all cash. For information see R. J. Monds, Box 194, Vulcan, Alta. 20-4-c

FOR SALE OR RENT—Three-roomed store, well located. Suitable for small business. Apply M. O. Peterson. UTM

FOR SALE—Billy Goat, will sell reasonable or trade. — Apply W. L. Seaman

AUCTION SALE

Last Saturday of every month bring your offerings in before noon of sale date. You are sure of getting Massey Harris repairs in High River as you are in Calgary. Exactly same prices. Col. Hitchner, Auctioneer, Massey Harris Agent, Phone 175, High River.

For Sale

1927 Chevrolet Light Delivery, in good condition. Apply ROY DEAL Vulcan, Alta. Box 343. 22-3-c.

For Sale

1931 Chevrolet Sedan in perfect condition; newly painted. Two-tone, heater, new tires and anti-freeze. \$300 cash. Apply Vern Patriquin Phone R1503 - Vulcan 22-3-c.

For Sale

Cafe sign, 4 ft. long, 20 ins. high, 8 ins. wide, wired for electricity. In A-1 shape. Six-foot show case with two adjustable shelves inside, in fair condition. Will sell or trade for kitchen range or heater stove. Apply M. O. Peterson, Vulcan, Alberta. 22-2-c.

For Sale

One set 32x6 tires and with tubes, \$300. 1931 1½-ton truck thrown in. Sell for cash, trade for wheat, cattle or pigs. Also one 1930 Chevrolet truck for sale, \$250. R. M. Patriquin - Phone R1503 21-3-c.

IN THE ESTATE OF OLAF LARSON SOKVITNE, late of the vicinity of Lomond, in the Province of Alberta, Farmer, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the above named Olaf Larson Sokvitne, who died on the 6th day of November, A.D. 1941, are required to file with the undersigned Solicitors for the Administrators of his Estate by the 18th day of March, 1942, a full statement, duly verified, of their claims and of any securities held by them and that after that date the Administrators will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to their knowledge.

DATED this 13th day of January, A.D. 1942.

BALLACHEY, BURNET & HESELTINE,

709 Lancaster Building, Calgary, Alberta

Solicitors for the Administrators, Nels Sokvitne and Andrew Sokvitne.

Honors For Women Members B.C. Govt.

Two of the recently elected women members to the B.C. legislature will move and second the speech from the throne at the opening of the B.C. legislative session this week. Mrs. Nancy Hodges, Liberal member for Victoria will move the speech, and Mrs. Tilly Rolston, Conservative for Vancouver Point Grey, will second it. This is said to be a precedent in Canadian legislative history and probably a unique event in the British Empire.

Provincial governments of Canada collected over 85,000,000 from motor drivers in 1940, in licenses, gas tax, etc.



Professional AND BUSINESS Directory

G. M. Carson, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon
Office Phone 44 — Res. Phone 98
Carson Block Vulcan, Alta.

Dr. David Nicol

DENTAL SURGEON
Office in the Carson Building
Appointments may be made for any day except Friday.
Residence Phone 143 — Vulcan, Alta.

Herbert J. Maber

SOLICITOR, BARRISTER AND NOTARY PUBLIC
Vulcan Street - Vulcan
Office Phone 45 — House Phone 42

L.H. Stack, K. C.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY
Imperial Hotel Block, Vulcan
Vulcan Ph. 39 — Calgary Ph. M2515
— Calgary Office —
401-3 Leeson & Lineham Block
At Vulcan Thursday and Friday of Each Week

Canadian Legion

B. E. S. L.
VULCAN BRANCH, No. 21
Complete Club Facilities
Visiting members cordially welcomed.

Mrs. P. B. Discher

Vulcan Jewellery Store
Watches and Jewellery Repaired
— Issuer of Marriage Licences —

T. B. CLANCY

PHONE 1004, STAVELEY
AUCTION SALES
CONDUCTED ANYWHERE
Member Auctioneers Assn. Lic. 20-41 42

RADIO REPAIRS

Phone for quick, guaranteed service. We are members of Radio Manufacturers Service.
Telephone 133
Vulcan Electric Co.

MEET YOUR FRIENDS

AT

"Bon's and Monty's"

Pool Room and Barber Shop

DAILY TRUCK SERVICE

Vulcan-Blackie-Calgary
Kircaldy Air Port
SPEEDY, RELIABLE SERVICE
Leave Calgary 6:00 a.m.
Arrive Vulcan 9:30 a.m.
Leave Vulcan 12:00 noon
Arrive Calgary 3:00 p.m.

Speedway Cartage

Phone E5511, Calgary
Vulcan depot: Central Garage

Sale and Redemption of Impounded

Animals (Sec. 48)

Notice is hereby given under Section 48 of The Domestic Animals Act (Municipalities) that—

1 Pig (white), barrow, about 5 mos. old,

was impounded in the pound kept by

L. G. Clifford, located on the N.E. 27-

16-23-W.4th, on the 5th day of Jan-

uary, A.D. 1942, and that the said

animal was sold on the 16th day of

January, 1942, to J. T. Ross of Vul-

can, Alberta; and that said animal may

be redeemed by the owner or his

behalf within a period of thirty days

from the publication of this notice in

The Alberta Gazette, upon payment of

all fees and costs due to the municip-

ality and the purchaser of said animal.

For information apply to the under-

signed. C. RHODES,

Sec.-Treas. of Municipality

of Harmony, 128.

Post Office, Champion.

SAVE



THESE MATERIALS ARE
VITAL TO WAR INDUSTRY
METALS (PARTICULARLY THOSE
OF IRON AND STEEL)
RAGS
PAPER
FATS AND BONES

ALL war industries need rags . . . handfuls of rags . . . pounds of rags . . . tons of rags. And you can help supply them.

Without rag wipers to clean the cutting lubricant from planes, millers, drills, lathes, Canadian war workers would be inefficient, their output reduced, their efforts hampered.

Without rags, explosive plants would slow up, aeroplane factories would find their production cut, and wheels of shell factories would dawdle.

Start an old-fashioned rag bag in your house today. All kinds of old, worn-out, too small and otherwise useless garments are badly needed by war industries—everything from cotton underwear to old shirts and ties—from Grandpa's red flannels to Grandson's seatless corduroy pants.

These are real sinews of war which you can supply. Every rag in your home should go to war industries through your Salvage Committee. Clean out and clean up on Hitler!

FOR COLLECTION—TELEPHONE

R1503 R. M. Patriquin

DON'T THROW IT AWAY
THROW IT AT HITLER!

Department of National War Services

Ottawa

Honourable J. T. Thorson
Minister

Curbing Buying And Long Credit

War Time Prices and Trade Board Stiffen Regulations on Charge Accounts; Method of Price Fixing

The following regulations are released from the War Time Prices and Trade Board, dated early in January. They are worth contemplation.

Under new regulations of the War-time Prices and Trade Board, all "charge accounts" owing at the end of this month, must be paid within ten days, otherwise the merchant is prohibited from selling the customer while he is in default, any of a long list of manufactured articles. If payment in full is not possible, the customer may pay one-third in cash and arrange to pay the balance in monthly instalments. Succeeding monthly accounts must be liquidated within ten days after the end of the month.

Certain exceptions in regard to obtaining goods on extended credit are made in the case of farmers, fishermen, prospectors, trappers and others engaged in seasonal industries of a primary or extractive nature.

Method of Fixing on Imports
Strange as it may seem, under the War-time Prices and Trade Board regulations, housewives will be enabled to purchase a considerable number of imported articles at less than actual cost. This is due to the difficulty of fixing prices which importers must pay in fluctuating wartime markets.

Here's how the Board has worked it out, taking tea for an example. Tea that sold for 70 cents a pound during the base period between Sept. 15 and Oct. 11, now may cost the storekeeper several cents a pound more than that to buy at wholesale.

The Board requires him still to sell at 75 cents a pound, but he can claim for the difference against his wholesaler who claims against the importer. On his establishing the actual difference between past and present import prices the Board will pay the importer a subsidy for the amount. This principle will apply in the case of all imported goods which have risen in price to the importer, but which the Board requires shall be sold to the ultimate consumer at prices in force between Sept. 15 and Oct. 11 last.

Wheat Unchanged

(Searle Grain Co., Ltd.)

The price of wheat has been virtually unchanged during the calendar year 1941. There seems to have been no calendar year on record since the sale of wheat began in Western Canada where so little change occurred in price during a whole twelve months.

The statistics on shipments are most interesting. They show that the

percentage of total world shipments of wheat and flour from Canada has been much higher from August 1st to December 31st, 1941, than it was for the corresponding months a year ago. The figures reveal also that while the visible amount of wheat on December 31st 1941, for the whole North American Continent was considerably higher than it was on December 31st, 1940, the Canadian visible alone is but little more than it was a year ago.

The outstanding feature of the wheat world this December 31st, 1941, is the extremely large wheat reserve that is on hand in some countries. The war leaders of several countries have publicly stated, however, that these wheat reserves constitute a valuable asset not only for feeding the armies and populations of the Allied powers, but in addition for feeding the populations of the blockaded countries, including the people of the enemy countries, as soon as peace comes. Education for citizenship.



By Dr. K. W. Neatby
Director, Agricultural Department
North-West Line Elevators Association

SEED SUPPLIES

It may seem a trifle early to begin thinking about seed, but it may soon be too late to secure good seed of coarse grains and forage crops. The farmer who waits until the end of March to discover that he needs 50 or 100 bushels of seed barley will probably find it necessary to use third-rate stuff.

The demand for feed grains this winter in eastern, as well as western, Canada, combined with the shortage of elevator storage space, is resulting in a rapid turnover. Then, also, harvesting conditions were so bad in many districts, resulting in large quantities of damp and sprouted grain, that local seed shortages will be numerous.

The Agricultural Department of The North-West Line Elevators Association does not hesitate to advise a germination test for all oats and barley seed this year. Samples of wheat, oats, barley, flax or rye need only be delivered to a grain buyer of any line elevator company associated with this Department in order to obtain a reliable test.

Any farmer who knows now that he will require seed oats or barley next spring, should take immediate steps to secure the required amount.

The situation respecting supplies of grass and clover seed may be similar, and delay in ordering may lead to disappointment in the spring.

Of course, many farmers will be unable to decide upon the question of coarse grain and forage crop seed requirements until the Dominion Government announces a wheat policy for 1942.

Canadian Wheat Prices Are Depressing Farm Incomes Parity Basis Would Be \$1.60

Todd of Cluny compares pegged price in Canada with that set across line and in other countries

Government Knows Operating Cost \$1.07 Wheat should keep step with other rising prices; other commodities on 1926-'29 basis.

A number of farm readers have commented on an article by J. T. Todd of Cluny, in the Calgary Herald, on the situation in respect to Canadian wheat. They have asked that this be reprinted in the Times.

Mr. Todd presents the Canadian wheat situation, mainly by comparison with other countries, and other types of income. The quotes the November '41 price of wheat at Fort William as contrasted with similar period in Chicago. The average during the month at Ft. William was 73½ cts., and at Chicago \$1.14½. Chicago was an average of 41 cts. ahead of Fort William in November and 42½ cts. during October.

Mr. Todd says further: "The government operates eight experimental farms on the prairie and knows it actually costs \$1.07 Fort William to produce wheat, regardless of the grade.

"The government also knows the farmer should get at least 10c over cost of \$1.17 per bushel Fort William, which is practically 97c country elevator.

"The government also knows the grower gets practically 50c per bushel country elevator, which is 47c per bushel less than he should get.

The government knows the grower should have parity, which is \$1.60. Pegged prices in other wheat growing countries are Brazil \$1.45; South Africa \$1.47; Uruguay \$1.49; United States \$1.14½; Canadian peg Ft. William 70 cts.

"Take the government's own cost of a bushel of wheat and give the farmer 5% over cost of production and you will have a prosperous country, a happy population. But this will never be realized when 33 1/3 of the population gets one-tenth of the national revenue.

"The parity price of Canadian wheat is \$1.60 and any price below this at present is deflation. Wheat should have kept step with other items as they were inflated. The farmer population is one-third of the Canadian to-

Bob Edwards' "Eye Opener"

On behalf of the N.W.M.P. Can-did comment on abstinence. Terrible trip to Vancouver, complicated by refusal to view Stanley Park, eighth wonder of the world.

Not Enough Pay

The increase in the pay of the N.W. M.P. still leaves the daily remuneration far too low. Raising daily pay by 5 cents is a sorry joke. Government employees who really work, work hard and do good work, get rotten pay while myriads of other government employees all over the country occupy ornamental positions and get comfortable salaries. Observe we say "salaries." What the man who does the work gets is "pay."

An After Christmas Sermon

A boy's reason for total abstinence—abstain from alcoholic drinks because, if I would be a golfer, Gray says, abstain; if I would excel as a oarsman, Hanlan says abstain; as a walker, Weston says abstain; as a swimmer, Webb says abstain as an orator, Bright says abstain; as a missionary Livingston says abstain; as a doctor Richardson says abstain; as a preacher, Farrar says abstain. Asylums, prisons and warehouses, repeat the cry—abstain.

A Trip to Vancouver

The editor of the Eye Opener has returned from a trip to Vancouver during which he had a somewhat un-nerving experience. Very unwise and in a somewhat public place we remarked to a friend that we had not yet been out to see Stanley Park, that we might not go out, and that, taken all in all, we did not care much about Stanley Park. This chance remark created an overwhelming furor.

A crowd had begun to collect and several sinister looking men loudly expressed their indignation at our sacrilegious remark. Fearing violence we broke away from our friend and ran along Hastings Street, pursued by an infuriated mob, the leader shouting: "Stop him. Head him off. That's the man who says he doesn't give a damn for Stanley Park."

Into the Strand saloon we dived, ducking to the right into the cafe, and through the kitchen and out into the alley. Circling round by the post office and looking down Hastings, we saw that the street in front of the Strand was blocked, the police clubbing people over the head in an attempt to clear the street, the infuriated mob shouting "Show us the man who doesn't want to see Stanley Park. Bring him out. Get a rope."

By this time we deemed it advisable to return quietly to the Vancouver hotel. A tallyho was standing in front ready to start. Approaching the genial clerk once more, we said with a bland smile: "Well, old cockie, you see I haven't got out to see Stanley Park yet."

"So I perceive," remarked the clerk making a peculiar sign with his fingers to someone in the rotunda.

"You don't catch me getting into that boob tally ho to go to any park."

At that moment we felt ourself seized from behind by some powerful force and propelled out of the hotel and down the front steps right to the tally ho. This unseen force gave us a swift hoist in the air, and before we knew what had happened we were sitting comfortably beside the driver getting whisked out to the one and only Stanley Park. It was the most beautiful and enjoyable drive we ever had in our brilliant career. No wonder they insist on people taking it.

Next morning the papers were full of the Hastings Street incident with scare headlines.

"Scoundrel from the East claims he doesn't give a damn for Stanley Park." "Gruesome Ghoul, said to hail from Calgary, speaks slightly of beauty spot of world. When he is captured—hal—or worse—awaits him."

"Close shave from being torn to pieces by infuriated mob. Dumb cluck from east refuses to visit Stanley Park. Says he doesn't give damn for Eighth Wonder of World. Police on his track. Detectives search all bars in city. Supposed to be hiding in restricted area."

Well, we smuggled ourselves back to Calgary, hoping that the violence of outraged Vancouver will not get over the mountains.

tal, which thus entitles him to one-third the national income. From 1915 to 1919, the farmer got one-third the national income. Between 1926 and 1929 this was cut to one-sixth and from 1930 to 1940 it had dropped to one-tenth.

"The average cash income per farm from 1926 to 1929 was \$1,017. From 1930 to 1940 it was \$902.

"As all other commodities are pegged on a 1926-'29 parity basis, wheat should be pegged in the same way. This would be \$1.60.

"The government offered big industry contracts for war purposes at cost plus 5%. They staged a sit-down strike and no contracts were placed so this was called off and they got what they wanted. Farmers cannot protect themselves this way but labor and industry can."

Mr. Todd concludes with doubt that the farmers will ever get a fair deal from the old parties. He has hopes of the C.C.F. but says if they don't play ball they too should be kicked out.

VULCAN SCHOOL DISTRICT, No. 1902

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING of Ratepayers

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of Electors and Ratepayers of the Vulcan School District, No. 1902, will be held in the basement of

THE BRICK SCHOOL, VULCAN, on

FRIDAY JAN. 23

at 2.00 o'clock in the afternoon

For the purpose of considering the Auditor's Report of the finances of the District for the year ending December 31st, 1941, and for such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

By Order of the Board,

D. A. McAFEE,

Vulcan, Alta.

Sec.-Treas



SNODGRASS
FUNERAL HOME

J.N. Johnston, agent

Phone Vulcan 89

High River 222

Vulcan School District No. 1902

PROVINCE OF ALBERTA

Financial Statement and Auditors' Report For the Year Ending Dec. 31, 1941

— RECEIPTS —

Net balance on hand—January 1, 1941	\$ 2,214.04
Requisitions received from the Town of Vulcan:	
Cash	\$ 12,000.00
Victory Loan Bonds	\$ 4,000.00
Grants received from the Government of Alberta	\$ 1,134.90
Tuition Fees—From School Divisions	\$ 1,366.00
Miscellaneous Receipts	\$ 30.50
	\$20,745.44

— PAYMENTS —

Teachers' Salaries	\$10,287.22
Secretary-Treasurer's Salary	\$ 270.00
Paid on Debentures	\$ 2,020.25
Paid for building repairs, etc.	\$ 205.02
Paid for Maintenance of grounds, etc.	\$ 184.85
Paid for school library and reference books	\$ 138.03
Paid for apparatus and equipment	\$ 703.09
Paid for supplies, stationery, postage, etc.	\$ 252.41
Paid for caretaking and janitor's supplies	\$ 1,254.38
Paid for fuel, water and light	\$ 485.87
Paid for insurance	\$ 274.25
Paid for telephone	\$ 79.20
Paid for other purposes—Secretary's Bond \$10.00; Bank Charges \$1.00; Advertising \$39.61; Flowers \$6.25; Rent \$12.00; Trustees Ass'n \$16.00; Teachers' Retirement Fund \$19.68	\$ 104.54
	\$16,359.11

Cash on hand—Nil	
Total Bank Balance	\$ 517.53
Less: Outstanding Cheques	\$ 131.20
Net Balance	\$ 386.33
Cash-Book Balance—December 31, 1941	\$ 386.33

— ASSETS —

Land and Buildings	\$37,000.00
Furniture, Apparatus and Equipment	\$ 6,500.00
Victory Loan Bonds	\$ 4,000.00
Government Grant Receivable	\$ 2,910.00
Unpaid Tuition Fees—School Divisions	\$ 938.00
Balance Due from Town of Vulcan on requisitions	\$ 3,812.50
Cash on Hand and Total Bank Balance	\$ 517.53
	\$55,678.03

— LIABILITIES —

Debenture Outstanding	\$12,045.04
Sundry Accounts Payable	\$ 15.32
Cheques Outstanding	\$ 131.20
	\$12,191.56

We certify that the above information is in accordance with the books and records of the Vulcan School District, No. 1902, of the Province of Alberta, and from the information given to us, we believe the same to be correct.

McCANNEL BROS. & CO., Chartered Accountants
January 16, 1942. 217 Dominion Bank Building, Calgary, Alberta

TOWN OF VULCAN

Auditors' Financial Statement

For the Year Ending December 31, 1941

RECEIPTS		PAYMENTS	
Balances December 31, 1940—		Outstanding Cheques, Treas.	
In Bank Cash on H'd		Branch Vouchers, or Overdraft	
Mun. Acc't—	\$ 2,272.87	Dec. 31, 1940—	
Soc. Ser. Tax	\$ 18.30	Municipal	\$ 169.84
Tr. Acct.—	\$ 207.61	Administration—	
School Tax		Salaries: Sec. Treas. \$800.00;	
Tr. Acct.—	\$10,008.54	Audit Fees \$145.00	\$ 945.00
Hospital Tax		Postage Premium	\$ 10.00
Tr. Acct.—	\$ 341.07	T. O.	\$ 25.00
Totals	\$12,820.09	Printing \$95.86; Postage \$45.00;	
	\$ 18.30	Stationery \$95.67	\$ 237.53
Receipts on Acct. Mun. Taxation—		Office Expenses \$140.84; Telephone	
Municipal Taxes and Costs	\$11,336.27	\$104.52; Insurance \$116.40	\$ 361.76
Electric Light and Power Taxes	\$ 218.00	Entails \$3.00; Exchange \$5.09;	
Advances and Charges Repaid—		Association Fees \$10.00	\$ 18.09
Indigent Relief	\$ 53.19	undry Administration Expenses:	
Unemployment Relief: By Cash	\$ 48.48	Library \$120.00; Dog Tags \$3.97	\$ 123.97
		Convention Expense	\$ 19.20
			\$ 1,740.55
Mun. Rev. Other Than Taxes—		Protection of Person and Property—	
Licenses \$196.00; Fines \$12.00;		Fire Dept. \$933.17; Police Dept. Dept.	
Rentals \$67.75	\$ 275.75	\$1,134.10	\$ 2,067.27
Tax Certificate Fees	\$ 25	Tree Lighting	\$ 1,512.00
Dog Tags	\$ 84.00		\$ 3,579.27
Cemetery \$415.00; Scavenging		Social Services—	
\$440.50; Building Permits \$2.00	\$ 557.50	Mothers' Allowance \$168.75; Old	
Rinks, etc.	\$ 181.35	Age Pensions \$267.00	\$ 435.75
Commissions: Prov. Gov't \$13.28;		Youth Training School	\$ 25.00
Refund—Fuel Tax \$10.80	\$ 24.08		\$ 460.75
Materials, etc.	\$ 20.29	Health, Relief, Etc.—	
	\$ 1,443.22	hospital Bills \$512.40; Health Unit,	
Sundry—		Etc. \$349.50; Doctors \$14.00	\$ 675.90
Overpaid Taxes	\$ 199.30	Unemployment Relief \$56.00;	
Interest on Victory Loan Bonds	\$ 75.00	Indigent Relief \$943.51	\$ 999.51
	\$ 274.30	Grants: Rest Room \$50.00; Blind	
Trust Moneys Received—		\$25.00; Red Cross \$25.00	\$ 100.00
Soc. Ser. \$551.82; School			\$ 1,775.41
\$13,138.77; Hospital \$1,781.10	\$15,471.69	Public Works—	
Outstanding Cheques, Treas.		Streets and Sidewalks, Etc.	\$ 2,029.30
Branch Vouchers, or Overdraft		Parks and Cemetery	\$ 553.45
Dec. 31, 1941—		Parks \$851.01; Workmen's Comp.	
Municipal	\$ 139.85	Board \$60.93	\$ 911.94
		Other Public Works Expenses—	
		Town Man	\$ 900.00
		Town Property Expense \$23.05;	
		Cesspool Expense \$42.70	\$ 65.75
			\$ 4,260.44
		Sundry—	
		Refund of Overpaid Taxes \$25.00;	
		Soldiers Relief Act \$15.42	\$ 40.42
		Savings Certificates or other Securities	
		Purchased—Victory Loan	\$ 1,000.00
		Commissions on School Taxes	\$ 66.01
			\$ 1,106.43
		Trust Moneys or Requisitions	
		Remitted—	
		Social Services \$759.43; School	
		\$16,000.00; Hospital \$1,552.52	\$18,311.95
		Balances Dec. 31, 1941—	
		In Bank	
		Municipal Account—	\$ 3,320.53
		School Tax Tr. Account \$ 6,650.45	
		Hospital Tax Tr. Acct. \$ 457.77	
		Totals	\$10,428.75
			\$41,833.39
TOTAL	\$41,833.39	TOTAL	\$41,833.39

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Balances Dec. 31, 1941 (Mun. Only)—		Outstanding Cheques, Dec. 31, 1941—	
In Bank		Municipal Only	
Municipal Acc't—Total	\$ 3,320.53	Accounts Payable—	
Municipal Taxes—		Telephone .15; Office Exp. \$8.98	\$ 9.13
Uncollected Taxes—Municipal	\$11,686.07	Old Age Pensions \$234.00; Mothers	
Accounts Receivable—		Allowance \$37.50	\$ 271.50
Soc. Services Tax Commissions	\$ 6.45	Indigent Relief	\$ 55.09
Advances to Vulcan Hospital and		Other Unpaid Accounts: Public	
Interest on Requisition	\$ 647.16	Works	\$ 7.15
Cesspool Accounts	\$ 37.50	Fire Hall Expense \$33.55; Police	
Other Accounts: L.T.O. \$2.85;		Dept. \$2.05	\$ 35.60
Cemetery Accounts \$173.00	\$ 175.85	Rink \$34.68; Cesspool \$3.86	\$ 38.54
Inventories—Supplies on Hand—		Street Lights \$126.00; Overpaid	
Fire Extinguishers	\$ 200.00	Taxes \$199.30	\$ 325.30
Office Equipment	\$ 205.00	Receipts from Lands Sold or Leased	\$ 1,013.10
Wells	\$ 600.00		\$ 1,755.41
Fixed Assets—		Uncollected Trust Taxes and Collections	
Town Property (see list)	\$29,100.00	Not Remitted Dec. 31, 1941—	
Library	\$ 800.00	Uncollected Collections	
Sundry Assets (Mun.)		Taxes: Not Remitted	
Not Provided For Above—		Dec. 31, 1941 Dec. 31, 1941	
Victory Loan Bonds	\$ 1,000.00	Soc. Ser. \$ 1,017.04	\$ 1,017.04
Trust Assets—		School \$17,124.91	\$6,718.39
Balances Dec. 31, 1941—		Hospital \$ 1,927.75	\$ 457.77
In Bank			\$ 2,285.52
School Tax Trust Acct.—	\$6,650.45		\$27,245.86
Hospital Tax Trust Acct.—	\$ 457.77		
Totals	\$7,108.22	TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$29,141.12
Uncollected Trust Taxes		Reserve for Non-Collection Of	
December 31, 1941—		Municipal Taxes	\$ 5,440.41
Social Services	\$ 1,017.04	Balance of Assets Over Liabilities (Surplus)	\$40,374.95
School	\$17,124.91		
Hospital	\$ 1,927.75		
	\$20,069.70		
TOTAL	\$74,956.48	TOTAL	\$74,956.48

REVENUE		EXPENDITURE	
Tax Levy 1941 (for Mun. purposes only)		Salaries \$1,845.00; Off. Exp. \$129.21	
Penalties Added in 1941	\$ 888.49	Dog Taxes	\$ 3.97
Tax Certificates	\$ 25	Discounts	\$ 648.75
Licenses \$196.00; Fines \$12.00	\$ 208.00	Sec'y Bond \$10.00; Interest and	
Dog Tags \$84.00; Rentals \$67.75	\$ 151.75	Exchange \$5.09	\$ 15.09
Building Permits	\$ 2.00	L.T.O. \$42.75; Printing \$90.10;	
Cemetery Lots Sold and Grave		Stationery \$95.67	\$ 228.52
Digging	\$ 531.00	Postage \$45.00; Telephone \$103.15;	
Relief Repaid \$101.67; Fuel Tax		Insurance \$116.40	\$ 264.55
Refund \$10.80	\$ 112.47	Library \$130.00; Ass'n Fees \$10.00;	
Commissions: Prov. Gov't	\$ 19.73	Convention Expense	\$ 19.20
Overpaid Taxes	\$ 199.30		\$ 3,287.25
Rinks	\$ 181.35	Fire Dept. \$933.17; Police Dept.	
Cesspools	\$ 478.00	\$1,131.81	\$ 2,069.36
Public Works—Materials Sold	\$ 20.29	Health and Sanitation \$675.90;	
Interest on Victory Loan Bonds	\$ 75.00	Relief and Indigents \$994.76	\$ 1,670.66
	\$ 754.64	Mothers' Allowance \$193.75; Old	
		Age Pensions \$233.00	\$ 426.75
		Youth Training School	\$ 25.00
		Grants: Rest Room \$50.00; Blind	
		\$25.00; Red Cross \$25.00	\$ 100.00
		Victory Loan Bonds	\$ 1,000.00
		Roads, Sidewalks, etc. \$2,031.50;	
		Cemetery \$253.45	\$ 2,584.95
		Town Property Expense \$23.05;	
		Street Lighting \$1,512.00	\$ 1,535.05
		Parks, Rinks, etc. Improvement	
		and Maintenance	\$ 846.49
		Workmen's Comp. Board	\$ 60.93
		Cesspool Expense	\$ 45.16
		Refund of Overpaid Taxes	\$ 25.00
		Refund re Soldiers' Relief Act	\$ 15.42
			\$ 4,913.00
		BALANCE (Surplus)	\$ 41.20
TOTAL	\$13,533.26	TOTAL	\$13,533.26

Care in Feeding Roughage to Hogs

Some Roughage Fed to Hogs Should Be Given With Care As to Hogs Digestive System

A case came to the attention of the Department of Agriculture recently in which a farmer included chopped hay in the grain ration being fed to hogs. Trouble developed and a number of the hogs died.

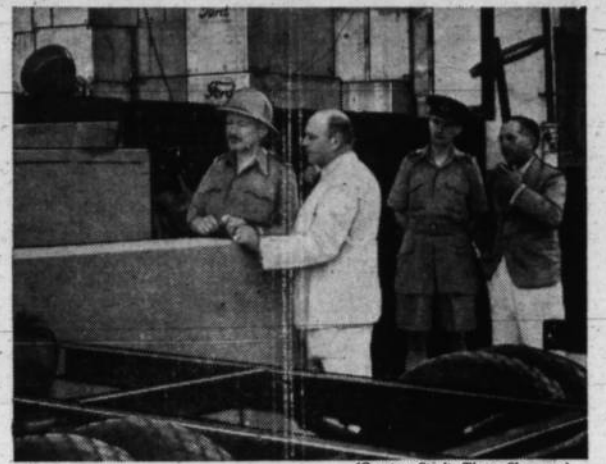
A pig's digestive system is not adapted for handling roughage in large quantities. Unlike the cow which has three stomachs, a pig has only one, and this stomach is constructed to handle concentrates with a small amount of fibre.

Some roughage may be fed to swine but the best way to feed it is to build a rack along the side of the pen and place in it each day a small amount of roughage. Alfalfa is best but sweet clover or green oat sheaves may be used. The hogs can then nibble away at this roughage whenever they desire.

Wheat which is to be fed to swine, or in fact to any live stock, should be coarsely ground. Fine ground wheat is apt to form a paste which makes it less satisfactory as a feed.

Maximum prices for scrap iron on the prairies have been set. A top of \$3 a ton will be the price for No. 1 cast iron scrap f.o.b. cars at Calgary. Top prices for pig points chilled cast iron and white iron will be \$11 at Calgary. Stove plate cast iron will be a maximum of \$7.50 a ton.

Ford War Work in Far East



(Courtesy Straits Times, Singapore)

CANADIAN-BUILT military vehicles for Empire forces in the Far East are rolling from the assembly lines in the new \$500,000 plant of Ford Motor Company of Malaya in Singapore. Sir Robert Brooke-Popham, Commander-in-Chief, Far East, recently inspected the new plant. Left to right, Sir Robert; C. R. Michels, managing director of Ford of Malaya; Squadron Leader Cox, personal assistant to the Commander-in-Chief, and D. Milne, secretary of the company. The six-acre plant is said to be the most modern motor assembly plant in the Far East and although the building is not fully completed, assembly operations are in full swing to meet the urgent demand for military equipment. Chassis and parts for assembly are supplied from the Windsor plant of Ford of Canada. Crates of these materials are shown in the background. Ford of Malaya is one of the five overseas companies in the Empire supplied by Ford of Canada. All are engaged in the production of "tools of war" to the full extent of their facilities.

TAX STATEMENT

Equalized Valuation set by Alta. Ass't Commission—\$141,000.00.

	Municipal	Soc. Ser.	School	Hospital
Assessed Value for each Tax (net) Dollars only	\$682,447.00	\$164,000.00	\$853,890.00	\$545,290.00
Rate of Taxation (mills on the Dollar)	16 Mills	3 Mills	15 & 10 Mills	3 Mills
Current Levy under Each Tax Heading	\$ 10,665.63	\$ 490.09	\$ 11,265.77	\$ 1,636.16
Uncollected at Dec. 31, 1940 (inc. Costs)	\$ 14,838.63	\$ 1,299.94	\$ 23,811.88	\$ 2,706.04
Penalties and Costs added in 1941	\$ 886.49	\$ 74.74	\$ 1,303.28	\$ 144.16
Taxes Reinstated in 1941	\$ 30.00	\$ 37	\$ 25.00	\$
TOTAL DUE	\$ 26,422.75	\$ 1,865.64	\$ 36,408.93	\$ 4,484.36
Collections in 1941, including Costs	\$ 11,559.27	\$ 551.82	\$ 13,138.77	\$ 1,781.10
Cancellations Authorized in 1941	\$ 2,528.66	\$ 261.51	\$ 5,344.80	\$ 664.36
Discounts on Taxes in 1941	\$ 648.75	\$ 35.27	\$ 800.45	\$ 121.15
Uncollected Taxes December 31, 1941	\$ 11,686.07	\$ 1,017.04	\$ 17,124.91	\$ 1,927.75
Trust Taxes Collected but not paid at December 31, 1940—		\$ 207.61	\$ 9,579.62	\$ 229.19
Collected in 1941 (as above)		\$ 551.82	\$ 13,138.77	\$ 1,781.10
TOTAL DUE (accounted for below)		\$ 759.43	\$ 22,718.39	\$ 2,010.29
Paid in 1941 to Prov. Gov't, School and Hospital Board		\$ 759.43	\$ 16,000.00	\$ 1,552.52
Amounts Collected by Town but not paid Dec. 31, 1941			\$ 6,718.39	\$ 457.77
Amount of Requisition in 1941			\$ 14,000.00	\$ 1,725.00
Requisitions Owning from Previous Years			\$ 5,812.50	\$
Total Requisitions Due			\$ 19,812.50	\$ 1,725.00
Requisitions Paid in 1941			\$ 16,000.00	\$ 1,552.52
Requisitions Unpaid, December 31, 1941			\$ 3,812.50	\$
Discount				\$ 172.48

DETAILS OF MUNICIPAL ASSESSMENT & TAX LEVY

	Gross Assessments Dollars Only	Net Assessment Dollars Only	Mill Rate	Current Mun. Levy
Land	\$164,000.00	\$164,000.00	16	\$ 2,624.00
Buildings and Improvements at 66 2-3% of value	\$381,290.00	\$381,290.00	16	\$ 6,100.64
Business—Floor Space	\$115,357.00	\$115,357.00	15	\$ 1,730.35
Electric Light and Power	\$ 21,800.00	\$ 21,800.00	10	\$ 218.00
TOTALS	\$682,447.00	\$682,447.00		\$10,672.99

STANDING LANDS FINALLY ACQUIRED BY TOWN

	Number of Parcels	Assessed Value (Dollars Only)	Mun. and Costs	Provincial	School	Hospital	Total Taxes
At December 31st, 1940	73	\$26,260.00	\$7,484.17	\$856.55	\$12,571.92	\$1,553.99	\$22,467.03
Add: 1941 Penalties on above			\$ 408.39	\$ 47.51	\$ 601.17	\$ 66.95	\$ 1,121.02
Add: 1941 Levy on above			\$ 183.36	\$ 18.09	\$ 171.90	\$ 34.38	\$ 407.73
Total	73	\$26,260.00	\$8,075.92	\$ 922.55	\$13,344.99	\$1,655.32	\$23,996.78
Deduct: 1941 Cancellations on above			\$2,384.47	\$243.15	\$ 4,911.26	\$ 609.28	\$ 8,148.16
Total	73	\$26,260.00	\$5,691.45	\$ 679.40	\$ 8,433.73	\$1,046.04	\$15,847.62
Deduct 1941	14	\$ 3,410.00	\$ 693.42	\$ 61.73	\$ 922.20	\$ 159.38	\$ 1,836.73
Standing at December 31st, 1941	59	\$22,850.00	\$4,998.03	\$ 617.67	\$ 7,511.53	\$ 886.66	\$14,010.89

VALUATION OF TOWN PROPERTY

(Not Encumbered by Debenture Debt)

Real Estate (Land and Buildings)	\$21,500.00
Fire Apparatus	\$ 7,000.00
Wells	\$ 600.00
TOTAL	\$29,100.00
Fire Insurance Carried	\$ 9,650.00
Number of Taxable Parcels	316
Number Parcels Exempt	17
Total Number of Parcels	333

VERIFICATION OF CASH ON HAND AT DEC. 31, 1941

Cash received between Dec. 31, 1941 and date of this Audit—Total	\$ 1,594.42
Deduct cash deposited in Bank between Dec. 31, 1941, and date of this Audit	\$ 1,586.92
Cash on Hand Actually Counted by us at date of this Audit	\$ 7.50

AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE

We have audited the accounts of the Town of Vulcan for the year ending December 31st, 1941, and have compared the said accounts with their relative vouchers and certify that our opinion the foregoing financial statements are properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the financial affairs of the Town, according to the best of our information, the explanations given to us, and as shown by the records, subject to any qualifications mentioned in Auditors' Special Report herewith.

The statistical information contained herein was obtained from the books and records of the town, or by information supplied by officials of the town.

Dated at Vulcan this 15th day of January, 1941.

Signed: McCannel Bros. & Co.

Address: 217 Dominion Bank Building, Calgary, Alta.

AUDITOR—McCannel Bros. & Co.

217 Dominion Bank Bld., Calgary, Alberta.

MAYOR—W. D. Allan, Vulcan, Alberta.

SECRETARY-TREASURER—W. A. Howes, Vulcan, Alta.

AMOUNT OF BOND—\$2,500.00; No. of Bond 31468.

COMPANY—The General Accident Assurance Company of Canada.

DATE SURETYSHIP BEGAN—Jan. 8, 1941.

BOND RENEWED TO—Jan. 8, 1943.

NAME OF BANK—Canadian Bank of Commerce at Vulcan, Alberta.

TREASURY BRANCH AT VULCAN, ALBERTA.

Number of Verification Tax Notices Mailed Auditor under Sec. 93 (3)—30.

Estimated Population of Town—669.



YOUNG CANADA STEPS OUT

For Release 14-1-1942

"Step out in uniform" say the posters outside many recruiting offices all over the Dominion. Here is a young soldier who has taken that message to heart, stepping out in the new "walking out" uniform shortly to be issued to all soldiers for wear off parade. The smart new dress as seen above includes a jacket cut very much like that worn by officers, smart trousers, collar and brown tie and black leather low shoes. These pictures of the sample uniforms give you an advance glimpse of the new uniform which, with wedge cap of regimental colours and "swagger stick" is probably the smartest ever designed for the Canadian Army.

Is the young lady looking at the man or the uniform? Perhaps it's all the same thing today when the uniform makes the man.

(Canadian Army Photo)

Stockyards Do Big Business

Cattle Prices in Advance of 1941 and More Sold; Hogs Also on the Increase

Reports from Calgary stockyards for the year 1941, indicate a very vigorous year with increasing demand both in export and domestic markets.

Cattle marketings through the Calgary yards were 15,972 more than in 1940. Average increase in prices over the previous year was almost \$1.50 per cwt. on all classes of butcher cattle.

Calves also were higher in number in 1940, registering similar increase in price per cwt.

There were altogether 88,404 cattle sold at value of \$5,335,492. There were 13,837 calves bringing \$343,073. There were 140,136 hogs to realize over 2½ million dollars and 14,758 sheep were sold for \$113,415.

Conditions prevailing in the Calgary yards are a reflection of other yards.

Hog marketings through the stockyards were well maintained, showing an increase of 52,000 over 1940 with an estimated increase in value of \$3 per head over 1940. Marketings were well distributed throughout the year with a low period in August and a high in December. During the last two months of the year Alberta was out in front as the largest hog marketing province in the Dominion.

At the Canadian bacon exhibit in

Ottawa, Wiltshire sides from 10 Alberta hogs were judged in competition with hogs from other provinces. The carver championship went to Alberta.

The analysis of quality showed Alberta hogs superior in meatiness of bellies and loins, but they were faulty in heavy shoulders and lack of length in sides.

Alberta must produce nearly one-third of the present quota for Britain, and for this reason the quality of the Alberta product must be improved.

Good Year for Livestock Livestock producers have benefited by rising prices this year as opposed to grain farmers. Wholesale prices for farm products have registered notable increase in the fall of 1941. With basic price of 1926 standing at 100, the field products index stood at 50.4 in August and at 57.9 in October. In the same period livestock prices rose from 83.3 to 101.

Wheat continues as the main factor in depressing field products prices. Covering the intervening years from 1926, on a basis of all farm products, these declined in 1932 to 48.4 of the 100 of 1926. After that, they fluctuated and were at 64.3 in 1939, and at 67.4 in 1940. From October 1940 to 1941, the general farm products prices rose to 74.1.

The Millerville-Priddis Red Cross has raised \$1,235 during 1941. Approximately 700 completed articles have been completed during the past year. Mrs. E. dePazieux presented the report at the annual meeting. It was proposed that \$100 be sent to the "Aid to Russia" campaign.

Prime Minister Churchill was part-time pilot on the flying boat on which he travelled back to England. U. S. planes escorted the Prime Minister's plane on the first part of the journey back. He reached England Saturday after holidaying a short time in Miami.

Cleopatra, the five months' old lion cub belonging to the Calgary zoo, escaped on Friday from the home of W. Willumsen, where she was being cared for till old enough to go back to the zoo. But after wandering round Calgary unseen for two days, she returned to the Willumsen home Sunday scratching to be let in. The cub weighs 50 pounds. She was deserted by her mother when she was born, and has been cared for at the Willumsen home.

New Uniforms For Canada's Soldiers

It has been charged that enlistment in the Canadian army lacks glamour. But Canadian soldiers are now going to be plumb full of glamor, through their "walking out" uniforms. This is a second uniform to be worn off duty, not a replacement of the present battle dress. The new uniforms are cut after the style of coats and slacks worn by officers, and are in khaki serge. Ties, collar pins, black socks low oxfords are additional "styling" to go with this uniform. This new outfit will be issued free to all soldiers. It includes also a swagger stick. A regimental collar badge will be worn.

Defeatist State Of Farm Jeremiahs

J. S. McLean, President Canadian Packers, Blames Press Which Tells Them Their Industry is Depressed

From "Marketing," Toronto, comes a report on a speech recently given by J. S. McLean of the Canada Packers, Ltd., at Bowmanville. Mr. McLean is quoted as saying on this occasion:

"Jeremiahs who tell the farmer times a week that his industry is depressed are contributing to a defeatist frame of mind." For every case of hardship I can tell of numerous successes. Why don't these Jeremiahs write up the successful farmers or a change? There are plenty of them. Farming can be made to pay—as Canada Packers' experimental farm and hundreds of privately-owned farms all over the country, demonstrate. Telling you men that you are in a losing game, is no act of friendship on the part of these writers who could just as easily make out a sad case for many other industries.

Mr. McLean's address dealt with the situation in the hog market today. Canadian farmers have an opportunity to capture the British bacon market from Denmark that will never occur again. They have that market right now but the Danes will get it back unless we can make bacon as good as or better than they can.

Today Canadian farmers who can raise the standard hogs required for the British market are getting good money, and they will continue to get it after peace comes only if they can maintain that standard. Otherwise the price will drop to an unprofitable level. If that happens, it will not be because of economic conditions pressing unduly on the farmer, or because of lack of Government support. It will be due entirely to poor hog raising.

Commenting on the farm situation in relation to Mr. McLean's speech, the editor of the Bowmanville Statesman says:

"Farmers themselves are not depressed even when they work 14 hours a day throughout the whole year, but they claim they are operating a 'depressed' industry in wartime agriculture. The matter is simple enough if only proper accounting would bring out average truth. But few keep books and none charge up time, overhead or acts of God."

"As Tom Baker, Sr., told Hon. Arthur Meighen at the banquet: 'Outside markets and the weather have more to do with farmers' success than all the promises of politicians in Christendom; you are all alike when you are out for votes, the sky's the limit and we plug along as the backbone of the country while governments fall all over themselves appeasing the labor element for perpetuity in office.' To all of which, Mr. Meighen smilingly subscribed."

The Statesman's opinion is that farmers solidly organized will command the right to share equally with all other classes and it would be the part of wisdom for middlemen and processors of farm products to get down to bedrock, in wide awake public relations without delay.

A New Order and Who Will Build It

(C. W. Peterson in Farm and Ranch Review)

Hitler has now, largely by treachery, invaded and put his curse on every country in Europe except some four minor nations all of whom are at his mercy. It is fantastic to suppose that this uneducated, tinpot statesman can play any part in the serious task of reconstruction, which must be approached in a spirit of generosity and with sympathy and patient understanding of the needs and aspirations of all parties to the deal. The nations taking the lead in such an effort must become reconciled to making substantial sacrifices.

The last man in the whole, wide world to lead in post-war reconstruction is precisely Adolf Hitler. Someone has pointed out, that at 52 he stands on an unique eminence—not only feared and hated for his power, as many a conqueror before him has been, but loathed for his savage assault upon the minds of men; for his calculated poisoning of every generous emotion in his own and other nations; for his ruthless perversion of the timid hopes for human brotherhood that were raising their heads in the wake of the last Great War.

A "New Order" and a lasting one can be erected only on the solid foundation of confidence in the integrity and good faith of the leadership. All thinking people on earth will agree, that it can be instituted only by Great Britain and the United States with their honourable traditions and long record of fair dealings with other nations. And we may safely take it for granted, that no matter how the fortunes of war may ebb and flow, no matter what temporary reverses the British Empire may sustain in the present unequal conflict with the Axis powers, in the last resort the momentous task of building a new world on the ruins of the old one must, and will, be entrusted to the Anglo-Saxon nations.

Malta has been subjected to day and night attack recently, and there is the possibility of parachute invasion.

MEMBERS ATTENTION!



Vulcan Branch, No. 21
Canadian Legion, B.E.S.L.
Annual Meeting

(General)

Will be held on

Wednesday Evening
January 28th, at 7:30

ELECTION OF OFFICERS ■ AUDITOR'S REPORT

PLEASE ATTEND!

By Order of the Executive

Note change of date and time

Get Behind the Salvage Campaign

Town of Vulcan Notice of Annual Meeting

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of the Electors of the Town of Vulcan will be held in the basement of the I.O.O.F. Hall, Vulcan, on

FRIDAY, JANUARY 30, 1942

at 8 p.m., for the purpose of receiving the Auditors' Report of the finances of the Town up to the preceding thirty-first day of December, and for the purpose of receiving the reports of the chairmen of the various committees of the Council.

Dated at Vulcan this 17th day of January, 1942.
W. A. HOWES, Sec.-Treas.



WARTIME WAGE CONTROL

Instructions to Canadian Employers and Employees concerning the Wartime Wages and Cost of Living Bonus Order, P.C. 8253.

THIS Order of the Dominion Government—which under the War Measures Act stabilizes wage rates and requires employers to pay a cost of living bonus—provided for the establishment of National and Regional War Labour Boards to administer the Government's policy.

National Employers

Communications from employers and employees in the following employments should be addressed to the Secretary, National War Labour Board, Ottawa:

- (1) the operation of lines of steam or other ships, railways, canals or telegraphs, including all services ancillary thereto, connecting any province with any other or others of the provinces or extending beyond the limits of the province;
- (2) the operation of any system of air, bus or truck transportation connecting any province with any other or others of the provinces or extending beyond the limits of the province;
- (3) the operation of any electrical power or transmission works connecting any province with any other or others of the provinces or extending beyond the limits of any province, or serving two or more provinces;
- (4) mining;
- (5) the operation of any shipyard;
- (6) all undertakings located in the Yukon or Northwest Territories.

Regional Employers

Employers and employees in employments other than those above designated should address their communications to the Regional War Labour Board in care of their respective provincial governments.

The Order provides that no increase or decrease in a basic scale of wage rates may be made by any employer. Violations of this Order are subject to penalties.

Extracts from the Order and the Board's Interpretative Rulings are given in the National War Labour Board's Bulletin No. 1, which may be obtained on application to any Regional War Labour Board.

HUMPHREY MITCHELL
Minister of Labour and Chairman
The National War Labour Board

Ottawa, Canada, January 12, 1942

To my numerous customers and friends, Old and New:

I wish to announce that, having joined the Royal Canadian Air Force I will be leaving Vulcan on February 1st and wish to take this opportunity of expressing my sincere thanks for the splendid patronage and faithful support you have given me in the past years.

The Red and White Store will be operated by my father B. D. Lockhart and I trust you will give him the same loyal support that you have given me.

Respectfully,
Norman Lockhart

1942 Wheat Board Advance of \$1.22¹/₈ Proposed by Line Elevators

Your Local Line Elevators Association has made a submission to Ottawa on behalf of Line Elevator Companies urging that the Government formulate a wheat policy for 1942 providing:

(a) An initial payment for farmers delivering their 1942 wheat crop to the Canadian Wheat Board of \$1.22¹/₈ per bushel basis One Northern delivered Fort William or Vancouver.

(b) That the Government accept delivery of 350,000,000 bushels of the 1942 wheat crop on this price basis.

(c) That deliveries and sales of the 1942 wheat crop be segregated from the carry-over of past years and the carry-over be reserved to meet post-war and unforeseen war requirements.

A copy of the Line Elevators' submission to Ottawa may be obtained from any Line Elevator Agent or by writing to

Line Elevators Association
Winnipeg Calgary

Car Dealers View Situation

The consuming public is faced with altered conditions in respect to payment of current debts, and in restrictions on purchasable goods. Cars are tires loom largely in the restricted list. But attention is also called to regulations on charge accounts. All charge accounts due the last day of January, 1942, must be paid by Feb. 10. If the customer does not pay of is debt within 10 days after the end of each month, then the seller must not extend further credit to the defaulting creditor. For details of this War Measures Act, see article on page 7 of this issue.

Local car dealers and garage men foresee quite a change in the nature of their business as a result of the new regulations restricting sale of new cars and new tires. There are some orders for new cars on hand at the various business places, but just when these orders can be filled is problematical. There will inevitably be reduced business in car sales. A brisk movement in good used cars is expected but some are forecasting that by next summer the better class of used cars will have been picked up, and from then on, car sales will hold a minor place in the business, unless there is an easing of present regulations.

There will, however, be a lot of shop work, owing to the greater need to conserve and care for the present motor vehicles. This shop work may not increase to the degree expected because there will be less driving and less mileage rolled up. Good mechanics will be in demand to care for this shop work.

All car dealers and service stations emphasize the necessity for giving proper care to the cars now owned by the public. If any major repairs or conditioning is planned, it is advised that the customer get in his order early with his garage men. Later on it is anticipated that there may be difficulty in securing parts of the old quality. Even now it is hard to get carburetor parts and electrical stuff. Certain alloys used in car parts are going to be increasingly difficult to get, and the future even in the matter of car repairs is so uncertain that it seems advisable to order any replacements as soon as possible.

Must Keep Old Cars In Good Condition

Canadian car dealers will exercise careful judgment in those who are to get the limited number of new cars now available. Production of cars for civilian use will stop in March. Doctors, police and fire departments will have priority in new purchase.

Controller Berry announces that if motorists conserve car use, and keep cars in good condition there will be enough cars for those who need them for years to come. There are more than 1,200,000 passenger cars in Canada he said, and more than 250,000 trucks. This is one vehicle for every even persons. There are 22,500 cars in second-hand car lots and the price of these would not be allowed to jump. The price is basic on that prevailing from Sept. 15 to Oct. 11, 1941.

Repairs

This ban on new cars is going to have its effect on dealers' business, though there will be continuing sale of used cars, accessories, and re-conditioning.

There are certain types of parts in which the scarcer metals are used, and it may become difficult to secure certain parts of old quality. Tungsten points for ignition system are not so plentiful, and when the present stocks of chromium plated parts are exhausted, it is difficult to say what will happen. There is a heavy order on for carburetor parts, with difficulty of securing cork for gaskets. The alloy bases used for lightweight pistons is becoming scarce, and there may be return to cast-iron pistons.

Preacher's Warning

(From Dunnville Chronicle)
The following is from the pen of a Bournemouth, England, preacher. Perhaps there may be a warning to us here in Canada, while we talk of religious revival.

"We have been a pleasure-loving people, dishonouring God's day picnicking and bathing—now the sea shores are barred no picnics no bathing. We have preferred motor travel to churchgoing—now there is a shortage of motor fuel. We have ignored the ringing of church bells calling us to worship—now the bells cannot ring except to warn us of invasion. We have left the churches half empty when they should have been filled with worshippers—now they are in ruins. We would not listen to the way of peace—now we are forced to listen to the way of war. The money we would not give to the Lord's work—now is taken in taxes and higher prices. The food for which we forgot to say thanks—now is unobtainable. The service we refused to give God—now is conscripted for the country. Lives we refused to live under God's control—now are under the nation's control. Nights we would not spend in watching unto prayer—now are spent in anxious air-raid precautions. The evils of modernism we would not fight—now we see what Germany the seat of this teaching, has produced.

Huge Oil Reservoirs In Fort McMurray Sands

Will the Tar Sand Beds of Western Canada Become the World's Oil Reservoirs?

Raymond Arthur Davies, business specialist, is quoted in the Magazine Digest as predicting an almost illimitable future for the tar sands of northern Alberta. In his judgment the tar sands round McMurray have dazzling possibilities, with the major difficulty—separation of sand from oil—now overcome.

He says: "Northern Alberta's bituminous sands contain minerals wealth beyond the wildest dreams of man. Yet tantalizingly the utilization of the sands, and commercial harnessing of their wealth, remained unattained until last year.

"United States' authorities have placed the petroleum content of these sands at 250 billion barrels. The total proven oilfield reserves of the world are set at about 24½ billion barrels. In other words, these northern Alberta sands have ten times as much oil as the rest of the world put together.

"The riddle of separating the oil from the sands has baffled many scientists, and there was no known satisfactory way extracting the sand. Wells would not do; tunnelling was not feasible; water and steam were ineffective.

"It is in the last year that the first oil mine has finally been put into successful operation, for yielding gasoline, Diesel and fuel oil and road oil. This first mine is headed by Max Ball, and sharing jointly in his enterprise is James McClave, research engineer of Denver, who developed the method of successfully freeing the oil from the sand.

"Gasoline, Diesel fuel and other refined products are now produced commercially by the Abasand Co. from the tar sands of Athabasca area. At first only 80 barrels oil per day were produced, and this has risen to 400 barrels. At present, recovery runs to about one barrel of oil to one ton of sand. The company owns mining rights to 4,200 acres of land and it is estimated that in this acreage are about 350 million barrels of high quality oil. The deposit now being worked is close to Waterways.

"The abrasive action of the sand is very hard on cutting tools, and methods to reduce this expense are being tried out. There is present available storage for 16,000 barrels.

"The proven vein runs for more than 100 miles along the Athabasca, and covers an area of about 20,000 square miles. A new plant 30 miles down the river is being planned for a production of 30,000 barrels of oil per day. This equals the present production of hundreds of wells in Turner Valley, Canada's premier oil field."

Vitamins And Where to Get Them

Housewives Directed to Common Foods to Get Important B Vitamins for Family. All Nutrition at Little Cost

Molasses, peanuts and pork sound like a funny combination of foods but experts on the Canadian Council of Nutrition state that they are among the best sources of vitamin B1, along with liver, dried peas and beans. All the B vitamins, known as the B complex, are found in potatoes, cereals and milk.

In the diet survey made in 1939 and 1940, it was indicated that the most common deficiencies in the Canadian diet were: First: the B vitamins, then in order, vitamin C, calcium, iron, and vitamin A. According to nutritionists the second most important diet deficiency, vitamin C can be made up by including in the diet: tomatoes, either fresh or canned, potatoes, turnips and fresh leafy vegetables. Although citrus fruits: oranges, grapefruit, etc., are a fine source of Vitamin C, it is recognized that their use in any quantity is not possible for many housewives who have little money to spend.

There is a report that a referendum will be taken on the conscription issue, rather than a new election.

Free Pictures In Rural Areas

Five Circuits Operate in Alberta on Films of Canada and Other Features

The National film board of Canada and the director of public information are co-operating with provincial departments of education and other organizations to bring the story of Canadian citizenship to rural communities of Canada by way of moving pictures.

Alberta is availing itself of this service, and five circuits have so far been arranged to see these films. If the plan operates as intended there will be a monthly showing of free moving pictures relating to Canada at war, the growth of nationhood, travelogue-comedies, etc. The extension department of University of Alberta, is taking an important part in getting this entertainment in circulation. In towns where electric light is not available, they are using portable generating units.

In order that value will be obtained from citizenship point of view, some person will give an explanatory talk,

Special 95c Values

for balance of the month

Fancy Check Terry Hand Towels
Light Ground, 15 x 31, at three pair for
Large Size Tea Towels, Colored
Check Patterns, 21 x 38, at four for
Odd and Broken Lines Ladies House
Slippers, at per pair
Rosebloom Knitting Wool, 1-oz. balls
15 colors, at six balls for
Ladies Crepe Hose, circular knit, in good
shades, at two pair for
Women's Snuggly Vest and Bloomers,
cotton waffle knit, at four for

95c

F. M. ANDERSON & CO. LTD.

VULCAN THEATRE

Friday & Saturday, Jan. 23 & 24

FRIDAY—8.30 p.m. SATURDAY—7.30 and 9.30 p.m.
Skippy Is Now A

"Glamour Boy"

—WITH—
Jackie Cooper and Susanna Foster
PARAMOUNT NEWS

Monday January 26

SHOWS AT 7.30 and 9.30 p.m.
DOUBLE FEATURE DOUBLE FEATURE
AMONG THE LIVING IN OLD COLORADO
—WITH— —WITH—
Albert Depper & Frances Farmer William Boyd & Russel Hayden
Selected Short Subjects

Wednesday January 28

SHOWS AT 7.30 and 9.30 p.m.
Irene Dunne, Robert Montgomery and Preston Foster
—IN—

"Unfinished Business"

Get behind the Salvage Campaign

NOTICE OF NOMINATION MEETING 1942

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that I will attend at the

TOWN OFFICE, VULCAN

On Monday, the 2nd day of February, 1942

From ELEVEN o'clock in the forenoon until TWELVE o'clock noon, for the purpose of receiving the Nominations of Candidates for the offices of Councillors for the next ensuing three years and School Trustees for the next ensuing two years.

Given under my hand at Vulcan this 17 day of January, 1942.

W. A. HOWES, Returning Officer

Let CHURCHILL'S MESSAGE Be OUR NEW YEAR'S PLEDGE

"Lets us address ourselves to our task ... in good heart and sober confidence, resolved that we shall stand by one another ... and do our duty, God helping us, to the end"

DOUBLE YOUR INVESTMENTS IN WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES

Space Donated by the
BREWING INDUSTRY OF ALBERTA

Soviet Farmers On Food Front

Soviet Russia has land uncultivated but fertile to replace the acres lost under German invasion. These huge tracts of land are in Siberia, Central Asia, the Ural Mountains and the south-eastern section of the Soviet. Evacuation of invaded areas has been so planned that labor is available for the new areas being opened up.

Collective farms are increasing production in grain, sugar beets and all manner of vegetables, and in some areas the winter crops have been stepped up 50%. Double crops are being produced in suitable areas. Mountain plateaus are being cleared for sugar beets, and acreage plots are

to be found in every remote centre. Planned production for each section of the country is going forward and new ventures are being made in further growing of flax, hemp, millet and sugar beets.

There is no apprehension about equipment. Tractor production is going forward in plants which were supported from occupied areas. Hundreds of thousands of women have been instructed in tractor operation this winter and the older school students are practiced in use of farm machinery.

Writers claim that there is evidence of a double supply of food, including caviar, thick broth, pork or beef, fish or mutton, vegetables and fruit canned or fresh. White, whole wheat or rye bread is available to tourists, but green vegetables are scarce.